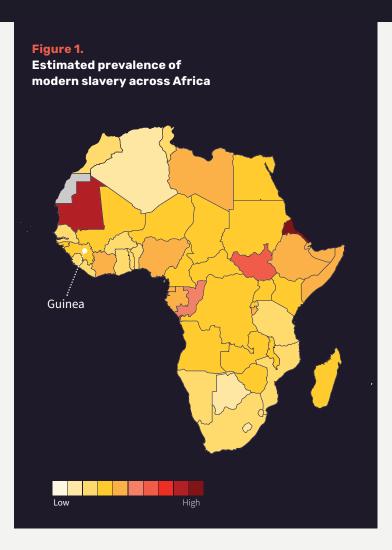
# Modern slavery in Guinea

Global Slavery Index 2023 Country Snapshot





#### **KEY STATS**

**Population (2021)** 13,132,792 **GDP per capita, PPP** (Current intl \$) \$2,754

4.0

PREVALENCE OF MODERN SLAVERY per 1,000 people 53,000

NUMBER OF PEOPLE LIVING IN MODERN SLAVERY

**66/100** 

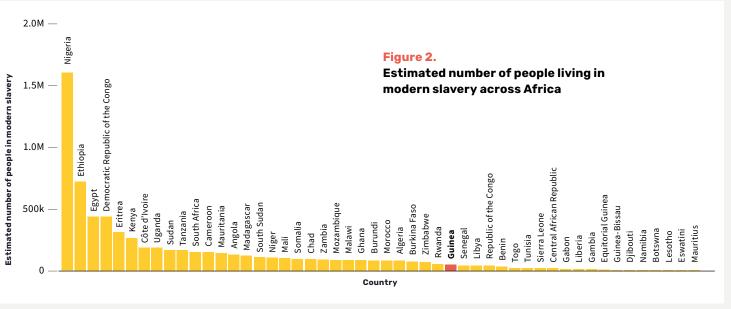
VULNERABILITY TO MODERN SLAVERY

36/100

GOVERNMENT RESPONSE TO MODERN SLAVERY

### The scale of modern slavery

According to the 2023 Global Slavery Index, an estimated 4 in every thousand people were in modern slavery in Guinea at any point in 2021. In other words, 53,000 people experienced forced labour or forced marriage in Guinea in 2021. In terms of prevalence of modern slavery, Guinea ranks 110th globally and 31st within Africa.



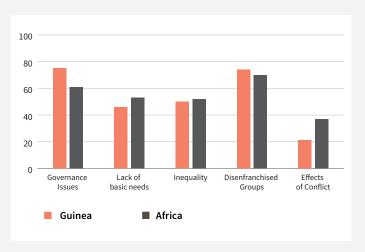
### Modern slavery in Guinea

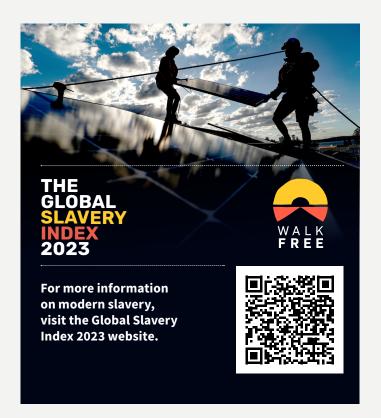
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#### **Vulnerability to modern slavery**

How vulnerable a country's people are to modern slavery is dependent on a range of factors which reflect the strength of governance, access to basic needs, inequality, disenfranchised groups, and effects of conflict. On a scale of 0 to 100, with 100 being the highest vulnerability, Guinea is rated as 66 and has above average vulnerability for the region. Vulnerability is highest in terms of governance issues.

Figure 3.
Vulnerability of Guinea to modern slavery by dimension, compared to the regional average



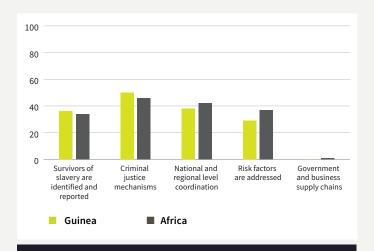


### Government response to modern slavery

The government of Guinea scored 36 out of 100 in their response to modern slavery. This places the government's response below the average regional response. Of the five areas of response assessed (milestones), the government has taken most action on effective criminal justice mechanisms and the least action on addressing risk in government and business supply chains.

Figure 4.

Government of Guinea's responses to modern slavery by milestone, compared with the regional average



## **Priority Recommendations** for the government of Guinea

- Criminalise forced labour in line with international conventions.
- Criminalise human trafficking in line with international conventions.
- Increase the legal age of marriage for males and females to 18 years without exceptions.